

## Safety Data Sheet

Prepared according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Revision date: 01/22/2016 Version: 2.0

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### **Product identifier**

: 1266 Non-Sanding Primer Product name

Product form

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against 1.2.

#### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

New Nautical Coatings, Inc. Sea Hawk Premium Yacht Finishes 14805 49th Street North Clearwater, FL 33762 USA Only: 1-800-528-0997 International: (727) 523-8053

#### 1.4. **Emergency telephone numbers**

Emergency number

CHEMTREC day or night inside USA & Canada 1-800-424-9300

CHEMTREC day or night outside USA & Canada +1-703-741-5970

Poison Control Center 1-800-222-1222

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### Classification of the substance or mixture 2.1.

#### **GHS-US** classification

Flam. Liq. 3	H226
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation)	H332
Skin Irrit. 2	H315
Eye Irrit. 2A	H319
Skin Sens. 1	H317
Carc. 2	H351
STOT RE 2	H373
Asp. Tox. 1	H304
Aquatic Chronic 4	H413

#### 2.2. Label elements

#### **GHS-US** labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)

#### Label elements 2.2.

### **GHS-US** labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)

Signal word (GHS-US)

Hazard statements (GHS-US)

Precautionary statements (GHS-US)





GHS02

GHS07

GHS08

Danger

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H413 - May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, open flames, sparks. - No smoking

P233 - Keep container tightly closed

P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge P260 - Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, spray, vapours P261 - Avoid breathing dust, fume, gas, mist, spray, vapours
P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace

P273 - Avoid release to the environment

P280 - Wear eye protection, protective gloves, protective clothing

P301+P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a doctor, a poison center

P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water

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P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water/shower

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P312 - Call a doctor, a poison center if you feel unwell P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell

P321 - Specific treatment (see first aid instructions on this label)

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse

P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide (CO2), dry extinguishing powder, alcohol

resistant foam, sand to extinguish P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

P405 - Store locked up

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification

: None under normal conditions.

#### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substance

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%
Methyl isoamyl ketone	(CAS No) 110-12-3	40 - 70
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	(CAS No) 1330-20-7	15 - 40
Ethyl acetate	(CAS No) 141-78-6	10 - 30
Ethylbenzene	(CAS No) 100-41-4	7 - 13
Ethyl acrylate	(CAS No) 140-88-5	0.1 - 1
2-Propenoic acid, isooctyl ester	(CAS No) 29590-42-9	0.1 - 1
Polyethylene glycol branched nonylphenyl ether	(CAS No) 68412-54-4	< 0.1

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general

: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid measures after inhalation

: IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention. If breathing is difficult, supply oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration.

First-aid measures after skin contact

: IF ON SKIN (or clothing): Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin with water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation develops or persists, get medical attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact

: IF IN EYES: Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so. If pain, blinking, or irritation develops or persists, get medical attention. Continue rinsing.

First-aid measures after ingestion

: IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth thoroughly. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center or medical professional. Get medical attention immediately.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries

: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation Symptoms/injuries after skin contact May cause respiratory irritation. Harmful if inhaled.Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : Causes serious eye irritation.: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chronic symptoms

Suspected of causing cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

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#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide. Dry powder. Alcohol-resistant foam. Sand.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : Flammable liquid and vapour.

Explosion hazard : Product is not explosive. Under fire conditions closed containers may rupture or explode.

Reactivity : No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any

chemical fire. Do not dispose of fire-fighting water in the environment.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Wear Protective equipment as described in Section 8.

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye or face protection. Approved supplied-air

respirator, in case of emergency.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain any spills with dikes or at

: Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Scoop solid spill into closing containers or bags. Small quantities of liquid spill: take up

in non-combustible absorbent material and shovel into container for disposal.

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Place in a suitable container for disposal in accordance with the waste regulations (see Section 13)

in a suitable container for disposal in accordance with the waste regulations (see Section 13). Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Waste from this product may be hazardous

as defined under RCRA (40 CFR 261).

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

No additional information available

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or

smoking and when leaving work. Avoid contact with eyes. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep container closed when not in use. Containers of this material may be hazardous when emptied. . Do not breathe mist,

spray.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : Direct sunlight,

Heat sources. Keep container closed when not in use.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1. Control parameters

Ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	
ACGIH TWA (ppm)	400 ppm
Remark (ACGIH)	URT & eye irr
OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1400 mg/m³
OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	400 ppm

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Ethyl acrylate (140-88-5)	
ACGIH TWA (ppm)	5 ppm
ACGIH STEL (ppm)	15 ppm
Remark (ACGIH)	URT, eye, & GI irr; CNS impair
OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	25 ppm
OSHA PEL (STEL) (mg/m³)	100 mg/m³
OSHA PEL (STEL) (ppm)	25 ppm
2-Propenoic acid, isooctyl ester (29590-42-9)	•
Remark (ACGIH)	OELs not established
Remark (OSHA)	OELs not established
Methyl isoamyl ketone (110-12-3)	•
ACGIH TWA (ppm)	20 ppm
ACGIH STEL (ppm)	50 ppm
Remark (ACGIH)	CNS impairment; upper respiratory trac irritation
OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	475 mg/m³
OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm
Polyethylene glycol branched nonylphenyl etl	ner (68412-54-4)
Remark (ACGIH)	OELs not established
Remark (OSHA)	OELs not established
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)	
ACGIH TWA (ppm)	100 ppm
ACGIH STEL (ppm)	150 ppm
OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	435 mg/m³
OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm
OSHA PEL (STEL) (mg/m³)	655 mg/m³
OSHA PEL (STEL) (ppm)	150 ppm
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
ACGIH TWA (ppm)	20 ppm
Remark (ACGIH)	upper respiratory tract irritation; kidney damage (nephropathy); cochlear impairment
OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	435 mg/m³
OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm
OSHA PEL (STEL) (mg/m³)	545 mg/m³

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof equipment with flammable materials. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal protective equipment

: Gloves. Protective goggles. Protective clothing. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.



Hand protection

: Use gloves chemically resistant to this material when prolonged or repeated contact could occur. Gloves should be classified under Standard EN 374 or ASTM F1296. Suggested glove materials are: Neoprene, Nitrile/butadiene rubber, Polyethylene, Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate, PVC or vinyl. Suitable gloves for this specific application can be recommended by the glove supplier.

Eye protection

: Wear eye protection, including chemical splash goggles and a face shield when possibility exists for eye contact due to spraying liquid or airborne particles.

Skin and body protection

: Wear long sleeves, and chemically impervious PPE/coveralls to minimize bodily exposure.

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Respiratory protection

: Wear a NIOSH-approved (or equivalent) full-facepiece airline respirator in the positive pressure mode with emergency escape provisions. In case of inadequate ventilation or risk of inhalation of vapors, use suitable respiratory equipment with gas filter (type A2). Use a positive-pressure air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid Color : Red.

Odor : No data available Odor Threshold No data available : No data available pΗ Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) : No data available Melting point : No data available Freezing point No data available Boiling point No data available Flash point : 27 °C (81 °F) Auto-ignition temperature : No data available Decomposition temperature No data available Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available Vapour pressure : No data available : No data available Relative vapour density at 20 °C

Relative density : 0.85

Solubility : No data available Log Pow : No data available Log Kow : No data available Viscosity, kinematic No data available Viscosity, dynamic : No data available Explosive properties : No data available Oxidising properties No data available Explosive limits No data available

#### 9.2. Other information

No additional information available

#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None known.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Sparks. Heat. Open flame. Extremely high or low temperatures. Direct sunlight.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

No data available.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No data available.

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects 11.1.

: Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled. Acute toxicity

Ethyl acetate (141-78-6)	1	
LD50 oral rat	5620 mg/kg	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 18000 mg/kg	
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	1500 ppm/4h	
Ethyl acrylate (140-88-5)		
LD50 oral rat	550 mg/kg	
LD50 dermal rabbit	1790 mg/kg	
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	1410 ppm/4h	
ATE CLP (oral)	500.000 mg/kg bodyweight	
ATE CLP (dermal)	1100.000 mg/kg bodyweight	
ATE CLP (gases)	4500.000 ppmv/4h	
ATE CLP (vapours)	11.000 mg/l/4h	
ATE CLP (dust,mist)	1.500 mg/l/4h	
2-Propenoic acid, isooctyl ester (29590-42-9)		
LD50 oral rat	> 5 g/kg	
Methyl isoamyl ketone (110-12-3)		
LD50 oral rat	3200 mg/kg	
LD50 dermal rat	10 ml/kg	
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	3813 ppm (6h)	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)		
LD50 oral rat	3500 mg/kg	
ATE CLP (dermal)	1100.000 mg/kg bodyweight	
ATE CLP (gases)	4500.000 ppmv/4h	
ATE CLP (vapours)	11.000 mg/l/4h	
ATE CLP (dust,mist)	1.500 mg/l/4h	
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)		
LD50 oral rat	3500 mg/kg	
LD50 dermal rabbit	15400 mg/kg	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	17.2 mg/l/4h	
ATE CLP (gases)	4500.000 ppmv/4h	
ATE CLP (vapours)	11.000 mg/l/4h	
ATE CLP (dust,mist)	1.500 mg/l/4h	
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified	
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer.	
	. Gasposica of causing carroot.	
Ethyl acrylate (140-88-5)	1	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans	
Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)		
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable	
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)		
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans	
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified	
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified	
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
	· May be fatal if awallowed and enters sizuate	
Aspiration hazard	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation. Harmful if inhaled.	
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
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Chronic symptoms

: Suspected of causing cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

No additional information available

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No additional information available

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

#### 12.5. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment methods : Do not discharge to public wastewater systems without permit of pollution control authorities.

No discharge to surface waters is allowed without an NPDES permit.

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Do not allow the

product to be released into the environment.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1263 Paint related material (including paint thinning, drying, removing, or reducing

compound), 3, III

UN-No.(DOT) : 1263 DOT NA no. : UN1263

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Paint related material

including paint thinning, drying, removing, or reducing compound: 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120

Department of Transportation (DOT) Hazard

Classes

Hazard labels (DOT) : 3 - Flammable liquid



Packing group (DOT) : III - Minor Danger

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail : 60 L

(49 CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 : 220 L

CFR 175.75)

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a

passenger vessel.

Additional information

Other information : No supplementary information available.

#### Transport by sea

No additional information available

#### Air transport

No additional information available

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. US Federal regulations

#### 1266 Non-Sanding Primer

All chemical substances in this product are listed in the EPA (Environment Protection Agency) TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) Inventory

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Ethyl acetate	CAS# 141-78-6	
Section 302 (EHS) TPQ		lb
Section 304 EHS RQ		lb
CERCLA RQ	5000	lb
Section 313	Not listed on US SARA Section 313	

Ethyl acrylate	CAS# 140-88-5	
Section 302 (EHS) TPQ		lb
Section 304 EHS RQ		lb
CERCLA RQ	1000	lb
Section 313	Listed on US SARA Section 313	

Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers)	CAS# 1330-20-7	
Section 302 (EHS) TPQ	I	b
Section 304 EHS RQ	I	lb
CERCLA RQ	100 I	lb
Section 313	Listed on US SARA Section 313	

Ethylbenzene	CAS# 100-41-4	
Section 302 (EHS) TPQ		lb
Section 304 EHS RQ		lb
CERCLA RQ	1000	lb
Section 313	Listed on US SARA Section 313	

#### 15.2. International regulations

#### **CANADA**

No additional information available.

#### 15.3. US State regulations

#### California Proposition 65

This product contains, or may contain, trace quantities of a substance(s) known to the state of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive toxicity

Ethyl acrylate (140-88-	5)			
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significance risk level (NSRL)
Yes	No	No	No	
1,4-Dioxane (123-91-1)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significance risk level (NSRL)
Yes	No	No	No	

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Sulfuric acid (7664-93-9	9)			
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significance risk level (NSRL)
Yes	No	No	No	
Ethylbenzene (100-41-4	1)			
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significance risk level (NSRL)
Yes	No	No	No	

#### Ethyl acetate (141-78-6)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List

#### Ethyl acrylate (140-88-5)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Special Hazardous Substances

#### Methyl isoamyl ketone (110-12-3)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

#### Xylenes (o-, m-, p- isomers) (1330-20-7)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List

#### Calcium resinate (9007-13-0)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

#### 1,4-Dioxane (123-91-1)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Special Hazardous Substances

#### Sulfuric acid (7664-93-9)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List

#### Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

: Revision 1.0: New SDS Created. Indication of changes

: 08/19/2015 Revision date Other information : Author: NMR.

NFPA health hazard : 2 - Intense or continued exposure could cause temporary

incapacitation or possible residual injury unless prompt

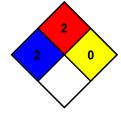
medical attention is given.

NFPA fire hazard 2 - Must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high

temperature before ignition can occur.

: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, NFPA reactivity

and are not reactive with water.



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**HMIS III Rating** 

Health : 2\*
Flammability : 2
Physical : 0
Personal Protection :

The information on this Data Sheet represents our current data and best opinion as to the proper use in handling of this material under normal conditions. Any use of the material which is not in conformance with this Data Sheet or which involves using this material in combination with any other material or any other process is the responsibility of the user. All materials present unknown health hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, the manufacturer and its agents cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards which exist. Further, the manufacturer and its agents assume no responsibility for personal injury or property damage to vendors, users, or third-parties caused by this material. User assumes all risks associated with the use of this material.

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